

# STP Quarterly Review

30 Apr 2014 **2QFY14** 



William Denig Solar & Terrestrial Physics Division NOAA/NESDIS/NGDC 303 497-6323



### **OUTLINE**

### Solar & Terrestrial Physics Division



STP Division Overview

Milestones & Metrics

**Program Updates** 

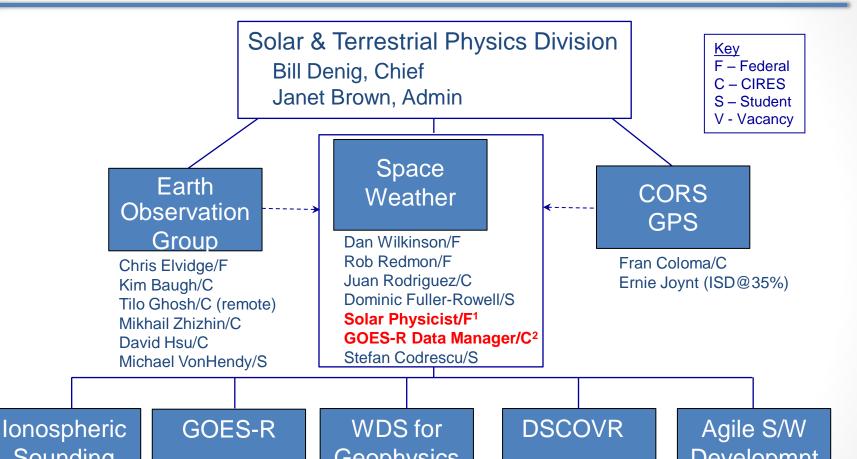
Special Interest Items

COPC: AF Environmental Data

Issues & Summary



# **STP Division Overview** STP Organizational Chart



Sounding

Terry Bullett/C Jim Manley/C (80%) Justin Mabie/C (50%) Ray Conkright/C John Demopoulos/S

W Rowland/C (75%) Jonathan Darnel/C Janet Machol/C Paul Lotoaniu/C (50%) Jim Manley/C (20%) Particle Scientist/C<sup>2</sup>

Geophysics

Justin Mabie/C (50%) Karen Horan/F Craig Clark/F

W. Rowland/C (25%) Paul Lotoaniu/C (50%) Developmnt

Rob Prentice/C - Sparrow New Hire/C - Puma

**REU Student Natalie Vezina - Purdue University** 

<sup>1</sup>Awaiting ATP <sup>2</sup>Hiring Process Started



### **STP Division Overview**

## Featured Baby of the Quarter

**EUV and X-Ray Irradiance Sensors (EXIS)** 



# STP Division Overview Upcoming Featured Baby of the Quarter

Tilo gave birth to Sahira (meaning mountain, Sanskit origin) to a baby girl on the 9th of April. Sahira is doing fine; mom and dad expecting sleepless nights.





# STP Division Overview Impacting the Next Generation

"Thank you very much for your resources. My student was so excited to think a scientist went out of his way to care about his project. You have made a very positive impression on him, and for that I am grateful."

Mike Logan
Biology Instructor
Kingston K-14 School
Cadet, Missouri







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## Milestones and Metrics STP FY14 Milestones

Quarter	Milestone	AOP	Status
Q1	Produce Radiation Belt Indices for satellite situational awareness as requested by the Air Force Weather Agency. (Green)	NO	С
Q2	Ensure required infrastructure is in place to receive, archive and disseminate Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR) solar-wind data products prior to the DSCOVR launch readiness date. (Denig)	YES	С
Q2	Return the Ap* geomagnetic index to operations. (Mabie)	NO	С
Q2	Implement ingest of the NOAA Space Environment Monitor data into the NASA Coordinated Data Analysis web to increase public access to the data. (Redmon)	NO	С
Q3	Complete delivery of Level 2+ product Algorithm Theoretical Basis Documents for the Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite series-R space weather products. (Rowland)	NO	
Q3	Deliver to the GOES-R Program Office an initial set of calibration and validation tools for Post-Launch Testing of the space weather sensors on the GOES-R series spacecraft. (Rowland)	NO	
Q4	Complete an initial re-design of the Space Physics Interactive Data Resource to enable more efficient processing and enhanced usability. (Zhizhin)	NO	
Q4	Recalibrate the NOAA solar irradiance data product from the Extreme Ultraviolet Sensors on the GOES-13, GOES-14 and GOES-15 satellites and provide public access to the data. (Machol)	NO	
Q4	Initiate construction of a state-of-the-art ionospheric sounder in the Antarctic for the Korean space weather program. (Bullett)	NO	
Q4	Create initial "Cloud-free Composite of Nightlights of the World" product using data from the NOAA Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite. (Elvidge)	YES	

As of 17 Apr 2013

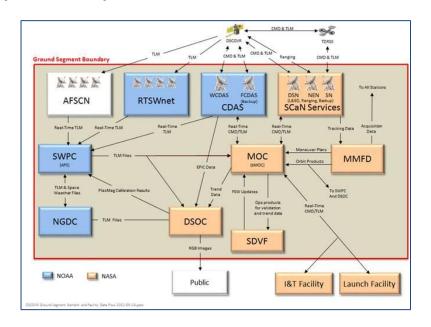
GOES L2+ algorithms slipped to Q3 due to late arrival of funds

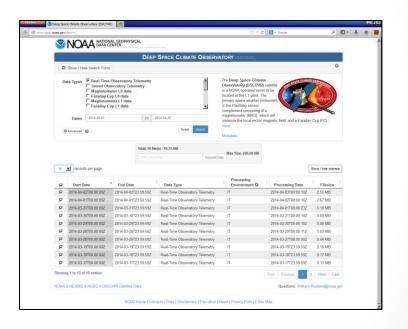


### **Milestones and Metrics**

### Milestone: DSCOVR Infrastructure Development

Milestone: Ensure required infrastructure is in place to receive, archive and disseminate Deep Space Climate Observatory (DSCOVR) solar-wind data products prior to the DSCOVR launch readiness date. (Rowland)





Completion

Planned: 31 Mar14

Actual: 15 Mar 14

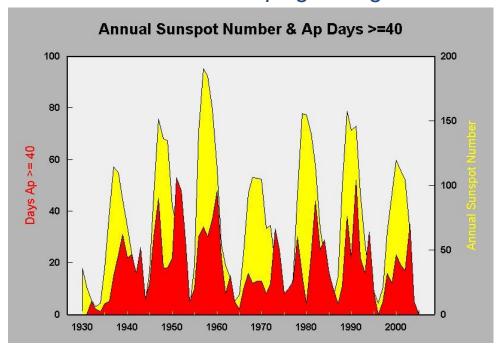
<u>Status</u>: Complete. The DSCOVR Infrastructure is now complete are ready to support launch and early-orbit ops.



### **Milestones and Metrics**

### Milestone: Ap\* Geomagnetic Index

Milestone: Return the  $Ap^*$  geomagnetic index to operations. (Mabie)



Top Ten List <sup>1</sup>					Dst
	уууу	m	d	Ap*	#
1	1941	09	18	312	12
2	1960	11	12	293	17
3	1989	03	13	285	1
4	1940	03	24	277	11
5	1960	10	06	258	-
6	1959	07	15	252	4
7	2003	10	29	252	n/a
8	1960	03	31	251	19
9	1967	05	25	241	7
10	1982	07	13	229	21

**Completion** 

Planned: 31 Mar14

Actual: 31 Mar 14

<u>Status</u>: Complete. Algorithm has been re-implemented and dataset brought up-to-date.



### **Milestones and Metrics**

#### Milestone: SEM Data in NASA CDAWeb

Milestone: Implement ingest of the NOAA Space Environment Monitor data into the NASA Coordinated Data Analysis web to increase public access to the data. (Redmon)

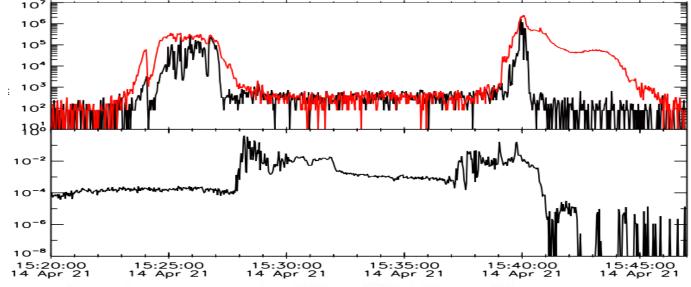
NOAA 19 Auroral Crossing on April 21, 2014

#### **MEPED**

#-flux > 40keV 0° - black 90° - red

#### **TED**

Energy-flux 50 eV -1 keV 0° Look



Please acknowledge data provider, NGDC and SWPC at NOAA and CDAWeb when using these data.

Generated by CDAWeb on Wed Apr 23 13:31:29 2014

**Completion** 

Planned: 31 Mar 14

Actual: 31 Mar 14

Status: Complete. Final feedback is being collected from Dave Evans and Barbara Emery before final public release.



## Milestones and Metrics FY14 Metrics Overview

Space Weather Metric							
Goal	Objective	Performance Measure	POC	1QFY14	2QFY14	3QFY14	4QFY14
Weather-Ready Nation (NWS)	A More Productive and Eficient Economy Through Environmental Information Relevant to Key Sectors of the U.S. Economy	Maintain a greater than 97% (2-sigma, cumulative distribution) of available Space Environment Monitor (SEM) data from the Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellites (GOES) archived on an annual basis	Wilkinson	100%	100%		
lonosonde							
Goal	Objective	Performance Measure	POC	1QFY13	2QFY13	3QFY13	4QFY13
Weather-Ready Nation (NWS)	Resilient Coastal Communities That Can Adapt To The Impacts Of Hazards And Climate Change	Acquire, process and disseminate > 97% (2-sigma, cumulative distribution) of available real-time ionosonde data within 1 hour [TBD] of receipt	Bullett	100%	100%		
Nightime Lights Metric							
Goal	Objective	Performance Measure	POC	1QFY13	2QFY13	3QFY13	4QFY13
Climate Adaptation and Mitigation (CS)	Improved Scientific Understanding of the Changing Climate System and Its Impacts	Acquire, process and disseminate >97% (2-sigma, cumulative distribution) of available real-time nighttime lights imagery within 3 hours of receipt	Elvidge	100%	100%		
CORS (See Note)							
Goal	Objective	Performance Measure	POC	1QFY13	2QFY13	3QFY13	4QFY13
Resilient Coastal Communities and Economics (NOS)	Resilient Coastal Communities That Can Adapt To The Impacts Of Hazards And Climate Change	Provide a >97% (2-sigma, cumulative distribution) availability for CORS near-real-time data to the NWS Space Weather Prediction Center (SWPC) as per the '4-way' Memorandum of Agreement and subject to normal business-hour response times.	Coloma	100%	100%		
						As of	17 Apr 2014

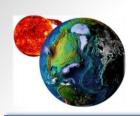
Greater than 99% (3-sigma) Cumulative Distribution

Greater than 97% (2-sigma) Cumulative Distribution

Greater than 84% (1-sigma) Cumulative Distribution



Below 84.1% (1-sigma) Cumulative Distribution



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# **Earth Observation Group**

**Status:** Nightfire

#### **Accomplishments:**

- Implemented a dual Planck curve fitting procedure in the VIIRS Nightfire algorithm.
- Radiances in the long wavelength channels define the fit for the background.
- Radiances in the short-wave channels define the fit for the sub-pixel hot source.
- Resultant estimates provided for the hot source temperature, source size and radiant heat.

#### Combustion parameters:

Source ID=SVM10\_npp\_d20130619\_t1841057\_e1846461\_IR\_source\_555

Lat=1.765773 Lon=101.265160 deg.

Temperature=778 deg. K

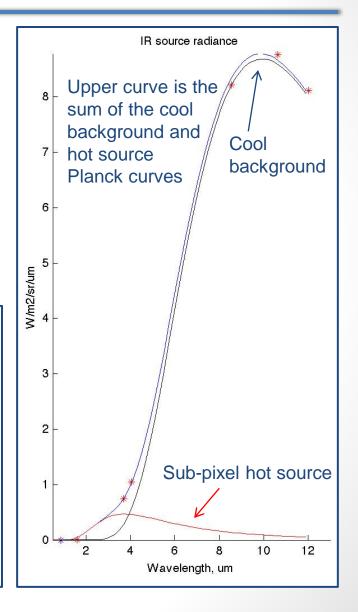
Radiant heat intensity=7.99 W/m2

Radiant heat=4.88 MW

Source footprint=235.55 m2

Cloud situation=cloudy

Time=19-Jun-2013 18:46:38



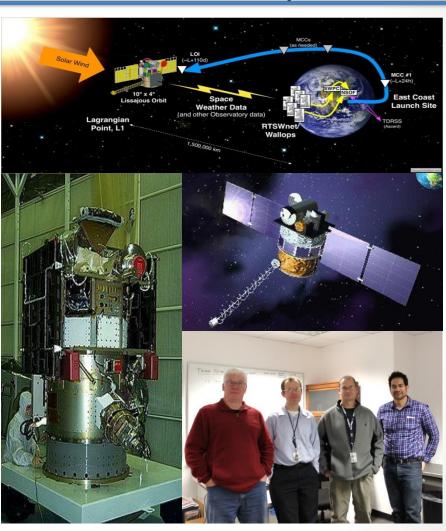


**Status:** Deep Space Climate Observatory

#### **Accomplishments:**

- Leveraged NDGC Common Ingest (CI) for the ingest-to-archive of DSCOVR data from SWPC
- Verified use of NGDC EXTract (NEXT) for acquiring DSCOVR data
- Reported NGDC segment status at weekly and monthly program meetings
- Verified CI performance during Ground Readiness Test #1 (GRT1)

- GRT2 18 June 14
- Ops Readiness Rev 29 Oct 14
- Mission Readiness Rev 31 Dec 14
- Launch Readiness Rev 12 Jan 15
- DSCOVR Launch 15 Jan 15



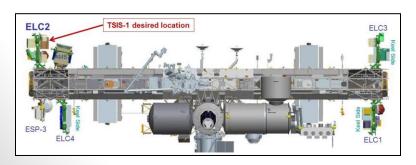


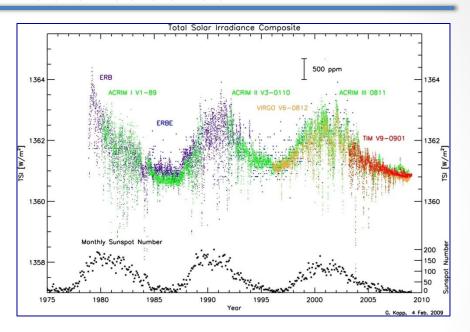
**Status:** Total Solar Irradiance Sensor

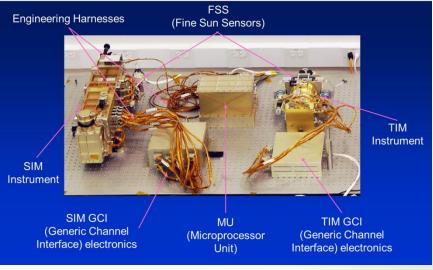
#### **Accomplishments:**

- Assumed position of TSIS Chief Scientist supporting OSD PM
- Supported PMC decision brief to accommodate TSIS on the International Space Station (ISS)
- Worked with LASP to determine that instrument design changes are not warranted for ISS

- ISS/TSIS Kickoff May '14
- TSIS L1RD Date [TBD]
- Launch Readiness Date (LRD) Aug
   '17









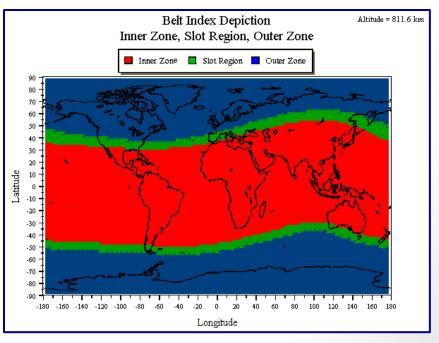
**Status:** POES Space Environment Monitor (SEM)

#### **Accomplishments:**

- Completed transfer of function for POES monitoring and data processing from SWPC to NGDC
- Developed new in-house capability to process/re-process SEM data from POES (and MetOp)
- Provided POES belt indices to the AFWA for satellite hazard alerts

- Participate as a member of the organizing committee for Spacecraft Anomalies & Failures Workshop (Chantilly, VA) – July 2014
- Attend the 2014 Spacecraft Charging Technology Conference (Pasadena, CA) – 23-27 Jun 14
- Site visit to NRO planned





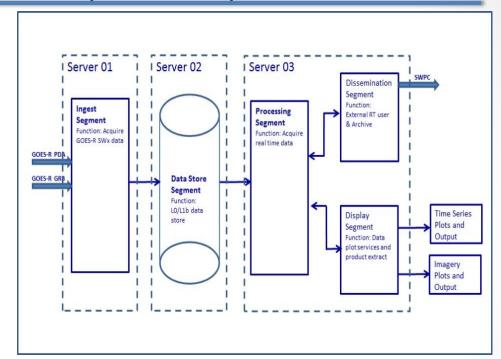


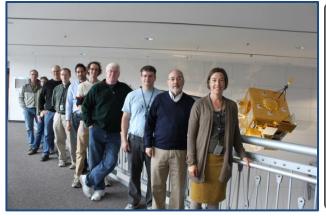
**Status:** GOES-R Status (Overview)

#### **Accomplishments:**

- AA-approved path forward for development of the Satellite Product Analysis and Distribution Enterprise System (SPADES) and path to operations
- Was appointed project lead for the Space Weather Product Team supporting validation of GOES-R L1b SWx products
- Delivered Post-Launch Test (PLT) and Post-Launch Product Test (PLPT) descriptions

- GOES-R Mission Ops Review (MOR) 16-18 June 14
- Final delivery of L2+ science algorithms – 3QFY14
- SPADES Preliminary Design Review (PDR) – 01 Oct 14



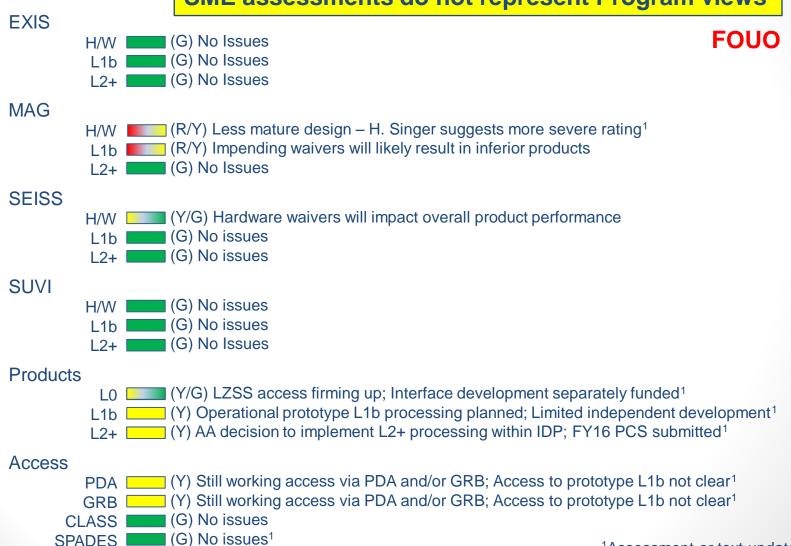






### **Status:** GOES-R Status – SME Assessments

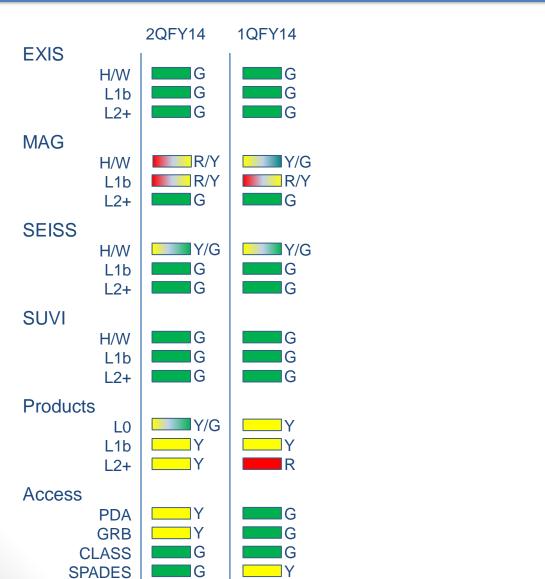
#### **SME** assessments do not represent Program views



<sup>1</sup>Assessment or text updated



**Status:** GOES-R Status – History





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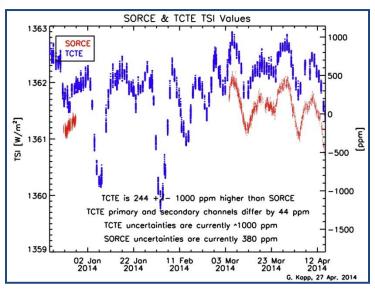
Special Interest Items

**COPC: AF Environmental Data** 

**Issues & Summary** 

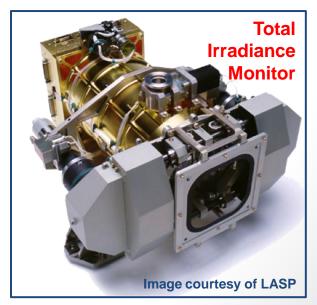


### **SWx:** TSI Calibration Transfer Experiment



The TSI Calibration Transfer Experiment (TCTE) has achieved one of its goals to obtain overlapping measurements with SORCE. LASP (Greg Kopp) is quite pleased with the quality of the TCTE data and how close these measurements compare with the prior record. Once the higher-quality TSIS/ISS data (accuracy of 100 ppm [0.01%]) overlap with TCTE, the accuracy of the historical record can be established.







**SWx:** Space Weather Workshop – Side Meetings

#### L1 Requirements Workshop

Doug Biesecker – Monday (4/5)

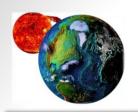
Objective was to solicit community input on observing priorities and requirements for a DSCOVR followon. Baselined instruments are: solar wind mag, solar wind plasma, low energy ions and a coronagraph.

#### **Solar Energetic Particles**

Juan Rodriguez – Friday (4/11)

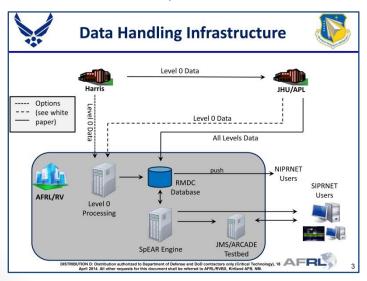
Objectives were to: discuss the inter-calibration of SEP measurements, foster new inter-calibration efforts and recommend a path forward for establishing a set of guidelines for SEP inter-calibration.

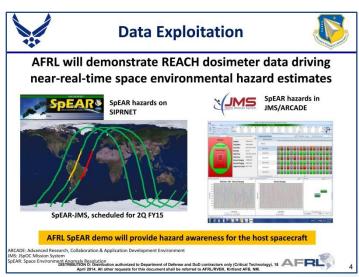




**SWx:** REACH Demo – HEALER

The USAF will fly a number of HEALER dosimeters aboard the Irridium constellation of satellites as a part of its Responsive Environmental Assessment Commercial Hosting (REACH) demonstration. Data from these dosimeters will be used for real-time space environmental hazard assessments. AFRL plans to use HEALER data in its Space Environment Anomaly Resolution (SpEAR) project for their "end-to-end data-to-decisions demonstration supporting DoD and commercial satellite operations." Data made available via the NIPRNET (sensitive but unclassified data) should be available to NGDC in real time.





Note: Distribution D applies to this slide



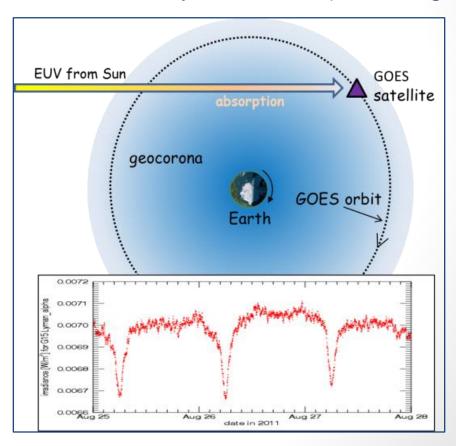
**SWx:** CIRES Innovative Research Program (IRP)

Janet Machol and Paul Loto'aniu were awarded a competitive CIRES IRP grant to measure the geocorona hydrogen density using solar absorption in the exosphere. This grant dovetails nicely the summer research activities of Janet and Paul's (also Rod Viereck/SWPC and Marty Snow/LASP) incoming

REU<sup>1</sup> student Natalie Vezina.

With the continuous operations of the GOES satellites over many years into the future, the results from this study should provide the basis for long-term monitoring of the Hydrogen density in the geocorona and therefore for improved atmospheric and plasma models based on GOES observations.

Sketch to the right provides a view from above the North Pole. Plot shows three days of Lyman-α measurements at 1 minute cadence from a GOES satellite. Multi-hour H absorption dips occur each day.

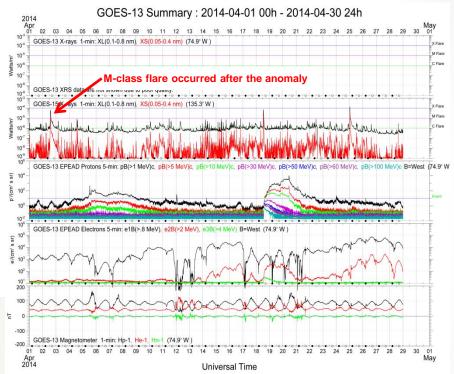




### **CORS:** GLONASS Outage Incorrectly Linked to SWx

From 22 UTC on 01 Apr 14 until 09 UTC the next day the GLONASS GNSS was providing bad ephemeris data. Fran Coloma noted that were early suggestions that the system failure have been due to a solar storm. Juan Rodriguez determined that space weather was not a likely contributor to this anomaly. Later reports identified the source of the anomaly as an commanding issue.

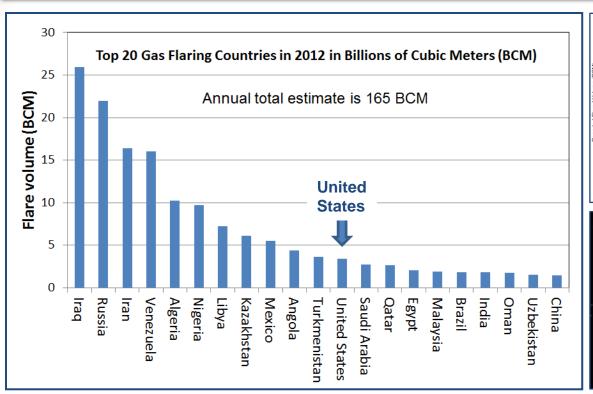


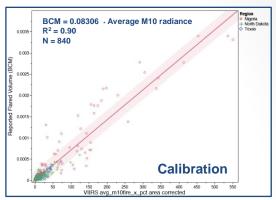


"It's possible that the outage is related to either a new M-class solar storm — the start of which was reported about 48 hours ago — or recent X-class solar flare on March 29 at approximately 1700 UTC. The latter event caused a short-term radio blackout about one hour after the flare erupted." Emptywheel (02 Apr 14)



### **EOG:** Global Gas Flaring Reduction







The EOG has released its annual list of gas flaring countries for 2012. The top 20 countries are listed above with the U.S. coming in at #12. The largest single flare was located in Venezuela. NGDC has been monitoring the annual total gas flaring emission volumes for CO<sub>2</sub> since 2006. Current estimates using VIIRS are more accurate than the earlier estimates which relied on DMSP nighttime imagery.



### **EOG:** Exploiting VIIRS Capabilities



#### Lac-Magantic Train Derailment



First Report: 06-Jul-2013 @ 05:15 UTC







#### Natural Gas Platform Blaze



Fire broke out on the Hercules 265 gas platform around 10:50 p.m. (CDT) on 23 Jul 2013. The platform is located around 55 miles off the Louisiana coast in the Gulf of Mexico. The blaze was detected by the NPP VIIRS at 02:33 on 24 Jul and processed by the EOG real-time system with data available online by 04:26.

Combustion parameters: Bource IX-974810\_npp\_d20130724\_97738420\_e0733082\_98\_source\_28 Lat-03.391493 Lon-09.50930 deg Temperature-9400 des 1









Color-composite image from the VIIRS day/night band (DNB) data reveals the locations along the Atlantic seaboard experiencing with power outages on the morning of November 1. In the color composite, areas where lighting was not detected are red and partial outages are shown as orange compared to the golden color for normal lighting conditions. Clouds in the image appear as green. Note that clouds are obscuring lights in many areas, but the central area damaged by Sandy are largely free of clouds. In New York State power outages were detected in Lower Manhattan, Staten Island, and Long Island. In New Jersey power outages were detected in Hudson, Middlesex, Monmouth, and Ocean Counties.



Power Outage Product



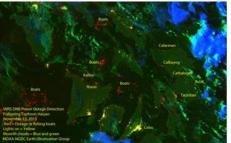
VIIRS DNB Image: 01 Nov 12

#### phoon Haiyan Power Outage



Haiyan, the largest tropical cyclone ever recorded, struck the es on Thursday evening, November 7, (U.S. time) impacting 25 million people. The Category 5 super storm harbored winds ph along with torrential rain, causing massive destruction and 30). The EOG used the VIIRS DNB to detect power outages in arthe storm.

the attermation the storm



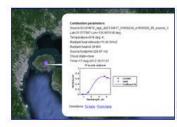


Source footprint: 315.91 m²

#### Mount Sakurajima Eru

At 16:31 (local time) on 18 Aug 2013 the Japanese vol had a significant eruption resulting in a 5,000-m a darkness and significant ash falls on the central part volcano's thermal anomaly was detected by the \ Deficience Soith August 1000 for the central part

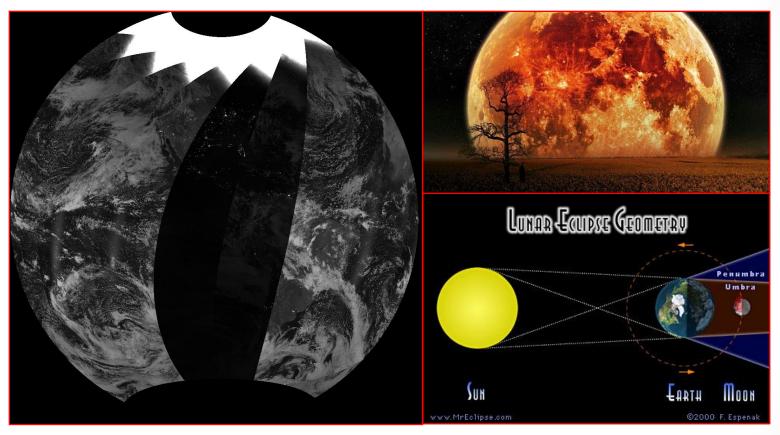
Radiometer Suite (VIIRS) fourteen hours before the eruption. The detection temperature was 818 °K with a source footprint of 330 m².







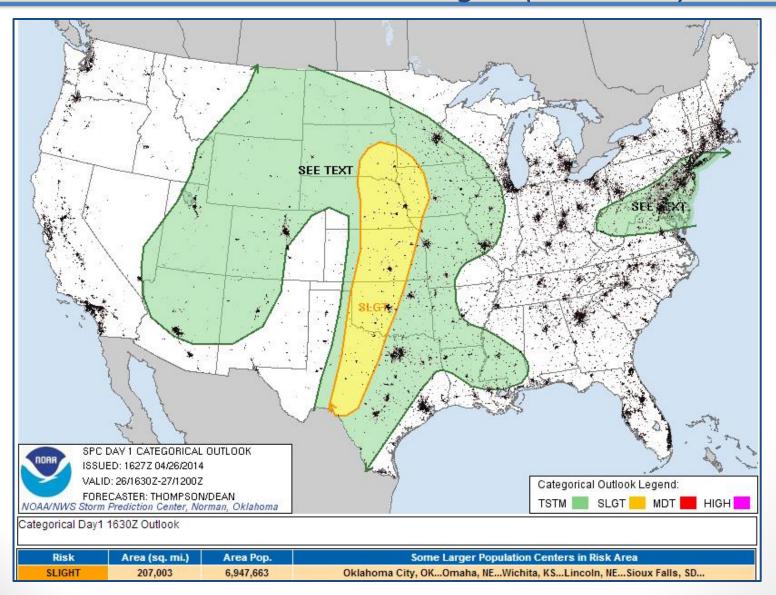
**EOG:** VIIRS Lunar Eclipse



The nighttime lighting effect of the 15 April 2014 lunar eclipse is clearly evident in the VIIRS DNB imagery. The penumbral phase of the eclipse began (ended) at 4:55 UTC (10:38 UTC) with total eclipse lasting from 7:07 to 8:25 UTC.



EOG: Gotta Love Those Lights (NOAA SPC)





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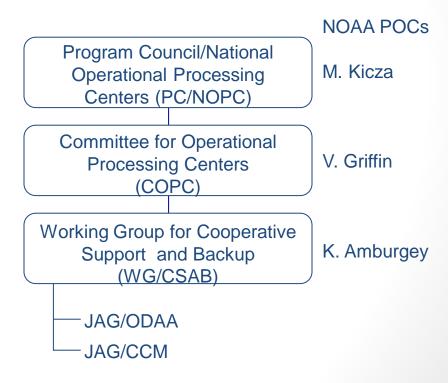


### **Introduction: DAPE MOA**

Renewed: 30 Sep 2013



The renewed MOA-DAPE may provide an appropriate vehicle to replace the expired MOA between AFWA and NGDC for the AAA of USAF satellite and space weather datasets.





**Summary:** Why Engage the COPC?

<u>Issue</u> – The Archive, Access and Assessment (AAA) of select USAF environmental data and products was previously covered by an NGDC-AFWA MOU that expired after FY09.

Recommendation – The COPC should direct the WG/CSAB to charter a JAG for the expressed purpose of drafting an annex to the DAPE MOA to define the roles and responsibilities of Program Council/NOPC members for the continued AAA of USAF environmental data by NOAA. Consideration should be given to additional DoD operational datasets for inclusion as well as datasets to depreciate.

<u>Financial Considerations</u> – The costs associated with the AAA of USAF environmental data should be considered. From an historical perspective the NGDC archive of AF data was originally supported on a cost-reimbursable basis. Due to lack of available resources the AF eventually ceased all funding for this activity. Renewed efforts to secure FY13 funding within AFW were unsuccessful.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>DMSP data received via McMurdo and forwarded to NGDC for public dissemination in compliance with the Antarctic Treaty is covered by a separate MOA.



**Datasets:** NGDC holdings of AF Operational Data

Detecat	Cinas	Commence				
<u>Dataset</u>	<u>Since</u>	Comments				
DMSP						
L0 Telemetry	1994	Only source*				
OLS	1994	Only source*				
SSJ	1982	Backup to AFRL with public access				
SSIES	1987	Backup to AFRL with public access				
SSM	1994	Backup to AFRL with public access				
Solar						
SEON/SOON						
Drawings	1979	Only source*				
Reports	2010	Only source*				
SEON/RSTN		•				
SRS	2000	Only source*				
RIMS	1980	Only source*				
Reports	2010	Only source*				
lonosonde						
DISS	1981	Redundant source				
NEXION	2013	Redundant source				



**AF User Survey:** Findings<sup>1</sup>

#### Air Force Space Command

- AFSPC/A5FW advocates for all the space weather parameters in the attached list of AF owned data elements. Each of these data elements is integrated into AFWA services providing support either directly or indirectly to DoD Space Situational Awareness (SSA) operations
- AFSPC requests continued archival of all space weather data for continued support of Space Situational Awareness.

#### Air Force Research Laboratory

- There is a continued need to archive the data sets listed above (SSJ, SSIES, SSM) because of the uses of the data.
- The SOON data archived at NGDC are derived properties of solar optical emission generated at the SOON sites, such as active region numbers, sunspot area, and strength of flares. This data are used by AFRL at different levels of research.
- AFRL regards these RSTN data as critical for continued studies aimed at forecasting solar events that can affect USAF communications, navigation and radar.
- AFRL notes that they would like to see these data archived but it doesn't necessarily need to be archived at NGDC.



### Web Statistics: Data Usage and Details

In FY13 the AFWA requested information regarding the usage of USAF data. This analysis was gleaned from NGDC YTD web statistics

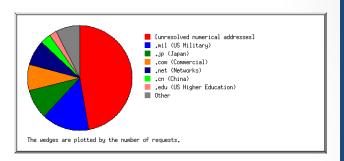
- DMSP data (mostly OLS)
  - Requests (all): 4,428,709
  - Requests (.mil): 620,019 (14.6%)
  - Requests (.gov): 50,487 (1.14%)
  - Total download: 5.44 TB
  - Details: DMSP SWx (37,643)

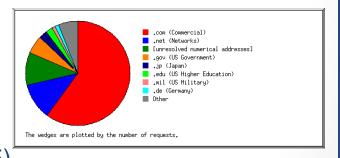


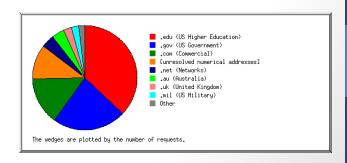
- Requests (all): 15,973,043
- Requests (.mil): 177,301 (1.11%)
- Requests (.gov): 894.490 (5.50%)
- Total download: 3.49 TB
- Details: RSTN (342,853); SOON (87,415)



- Requests (all): 37,492,801
- Requests (.mil): 847,337 (2.26%)
- Requests (.gov): 8,510,866 (22.7%)
- Total download: 5.41 TB

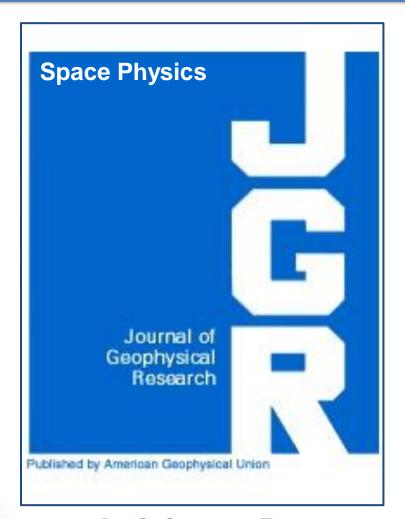


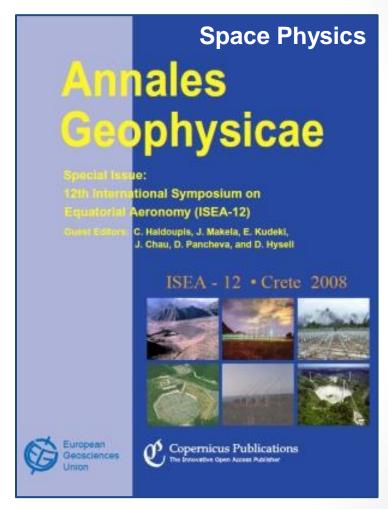






Research: DMSP SWx Data Used for Science





Articles: 3,579

**Articles: 707** 

# OUTLINE Solar & Terrestrial Physics Division

STP Division Overview

Milestones & Metrics

**Program Updates** 

Special Interest Items

**COPC: AF Environmental Data** 

Issues & Summary



# STP YTD FY14 Publications – 16 (1 of 3)

#### Publications (YTD):

- Bordikar, M. R., W. A. Scales, A. Mahmoudian, H. Kim, P. A. Bernhardt, **R. Redmon**, A. R. Samimi, S. Brizcinski, and M. J. McCarrick (2014), Impact of active geomagnetic conditions on stimulated radiation during ionospheric second electron gyroharmonic heating, *J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics*, 119, pp. 548–565, doi:10.1002/2013JA019367. [Peer reviewed]
- Clilverd, M. A., N. Cobbett, C. J. Rodger, J. B. Brundell, M. H. Denton, D. P. Hartley, **J. V. Rodriguez**, D. Danskin, T. Raita, and E. L. Spanswick (2013), Energetic electron precipitation characteristics observed from Antarctica during a flux dropout event, *J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics*, 118, 6921–6935, doi:10.1002/2013JA019067. [Peer reviewed]
- **Elvidge, C.D.** (2013), Space Based Surveillance Tools for Monitoring of Fisheries, Proceedings of the Asian Conference on Remote Sensing, Bali, India, 20-24 Oct 2013.
- **Elvidge, C.D.**, **K. Baugh**, **F-C Hsu** and **M. Zhizhin** (2013), SNPP Data Access of Agricultural Monitoring, Proceedings of the Asian Conference on Remote Sensing, Bali, India, 20-24 Oct 2013.
- **Erwin, E.H.**, **H.E. Coffey, W.F. Denig**, D.M. Willis, R. Henwood and M.N. Wild (2013), The Greenwich Photoheliographic Results (1874 1976): Initial Corrections to the Printed Publications, *Solar Physics, 288*, pp. 157-170. doi: 10.1007/s11207-013-0310-z [Peer reviewed]
- Hartley, D. P., M. H. Denton, **J. C. Green**, T. G. Onsager, **J. V. Rodriguez**, and H. J. Singer (2013), Case studies of the impact of high-speed solar wind streams on the electron radiation belt at geosynchronous orbit: Flux, magnetic field, and phase space density, *J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics*, 118, 6964–6979, doi:10.1002/2013JA018923. [Peer reviewed]
- Knipp, D. J., T. Matsuo, L. Kilcommons, A. Richmond, B. Anderson, H. Korth, **R. Redmon**, B. Mero, and N. Parrish (2014), Comparison of magnetic perturbation data from LEO satellite constellations: Statistics of DMSP and AMPERE, *Space Weather*, *12*, 2–23, doi:10.1002/2013SW000987. [Peer Reviewed]
- Kress,B.T., **J.V. Rodriguez**, J.E. Mazur and M. Engel (2013), Modeling solar proton access to geostationary spacecraft with geomagnetic cutoffs, *Adv. Space Res., 52*, 1939-1948. <a href="http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.asr.2013.08.019">http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.asr.2013.08.019</a> [Peer reviewed]



# STP YTD FY14 Publications – 16 (2 of 3)

#### Publications (continued):

- **Rodriguez, J.V.**, J.C. Krosschell and J.C. Green (2014), Intercalibration of GOES 8-15 solar proton detectors, *Space Weather, 12*, 92-109. doi: 10.1002/2013SW000996 [Peer reviewed]
- Sandholt, P.E., C.J. Farrugia and **W.F. Denig** (2014), M-I Coupling Across the Auroral Oval at Dusk and Midnight: Repetitive Substorm Activity Driven by Interplanetary Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs), *Ann. Geophys.*, *32*, 333-351. doi: 10.5194/angeo-32-333-2014 [Peer Reviewed]
- Snow, M., M. Weber, **J. Macho**l, R. Viereck and E. Richard (2014) Comparison of Magnesium II Core-to-Wing Ratio Observations During Solar Minimum 23/24, *J. Space Weather Space Clim., 4*, A04, doi:10.1051/swsc/2014001. [Peer reviewed]
- Soloviev, A., A. Khokhlov, E. Jalkovsky, A. Berezko, A. Lebedev, E. Kharin, I. Shestolaplv, M. Mandea, V. Kuznetsov, T. Bondar, **J. Mabie**, M. Nisilevich, V. Nechitailenko, A. Rybkina, O. Pyatygina and A. Shibaevo (2013), The Atlas of the Earth's Magnetic Field, eds. A. Gvishiani, A. Frolov and V. Lapshin, Pulb. GC RAS, Moscow, 361 p. doi:10.2205/2013/BS011\_Atlas\_MPZ
- Turner, D. L., V. Angelopoulos, S. K. Morley, M. G. Henderson, G. D. Reeves, W. Li, D. N. Baker, C.-L. Huang, A. Boyd, H. E. Spence, S. G. Claudepierre, J. B. Blake and **J. V. Rodriguez** (2014), On the cause and extent of outer radiation belt losses during the 30 September 2012 dropout event, *J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics*, 119, 1530–1540, doi:10.1002/2013JA019446. [Peer Reviewed]
- Turner, D. L., V. Angelopoulos, W. Li, J. Bortnik, B. Ni, Q. Ma, R. M. Thorne, S. K. Morley, M. G. Henderson, G. D. Reeves, M. Usanova, I. R. Mann, S. G. Claudepierre, J. B. Blake, D. N. Baker, C.-L. Huang, H. Spence, W. Kurth, C. Kletzing and J. V. Rodriguez (2014), Competing source and loss mechanisms due to wave-particle interactions in Earth's outer radiation belt during the 30 September to 3 October 2012 geomagnetic storm, J. Geophys. Res. Space Physics, 119, 1960–1979, doi:10.1002/2014JA019770. [Peer Reviewed]
- Willis, D.M., **H.E. Coffey**, R. Henwood, **E.H. Erwin**, D.V. Hoyt, M.N. Wild and **W.F. Denig** (2013), The Greenwich Photo-heliographic Results (1874 1976): Summary of the Observations, Applications, Datasets, Definitions and Errors, *Solar Physics*, *288*, pp. 117-139. doi 10.1007/s11207-013-0311-y [Peer reviewed]



## STP YTD FY14 Publications – 16 (3 of 3)

#### Publications (continued):

Willis, D.M., R. Henwood, M.N. Wild, **H.E. Coffey, W.F. Denig**, **E.H. Erwin** and D.V. Hoyt (2013), The Greenwich Photo-heliographic Results (1874 – 1976): Procedures for Checking and Correcting the Sunspot Digital Datasets, *Solar Physics*, 288, pp. 141-156. doi 10.1007/s11207-013-0312-x [Peer reviewed]

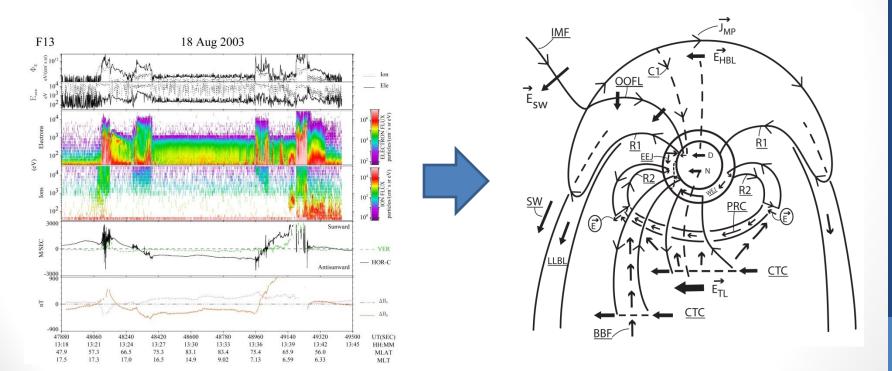
Total accepted or published: 16

Peer Reviewed: 14



### **Featured Publication**

Sandholt, P.E., C.J. Farrugia and W.F. Denig (2014), M-I Coupling Across the Auroral Oval at Dusk and Midnight: Repetitive Substorm Activity Driven by Interplanetary Coronal Mass Ejections (CMEs), Ann. Geophys., 32, 333-351



Measurements of high-latitude electrostatic processes monitored by DMSP are used to characterize physical processes in the nightside auroral zones



# Issues & Summary Solar & Terrestrial Physics Division

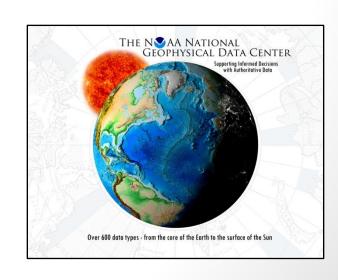
- ✓ NGS Aerial Photography (4QFY13) *Some positive movement*
- ✓ GOES-R SWx Algorithm Risks (4QFY13) *Improving*
- ✓ Fed hiring restrictions having mission impact (3QFY12) Much better
- ✓ GOES-R L2+ SWx algorithms (3QFY11) Path to operations defined
  - Frozen Baseline / Algorithm Readiness Waivers Improving
  - GOES L0 Data Not in CLASS Solved (trust but verify)
  - GOES-R Data Management Tasks GOES-R Data Mngr @ CIRES

#### **Metrics**

Papers (FY14-YTD): 16

✓ Peer Reviewed: 14

Presentations (FY14-YTD): 36





# QUESTIONS?

